KURZPROTOKOLL MPN-SG 01-09

Öffentlicher Titel

Phase II Studie zu Pomalidomide bei MPN mit Fibrose

Wissenschaftl. Titel

Multi-Center Phase II Study with Pomalidomide in Patients with Myeloproliferative

Neoplasms in Fibrotic Stage

Kurztitel

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Studienart

multizentrisch, prospektiv, offen/unverblindet, einarmig, Investigator Initiated Trial (IIT)

Studienphase

Erkrankung

Blut: Myeloische Neoplasien/Dysplasien: Myeloproliferative Neoplasien (MPN)

Ziele

- To evaluate clinical efficacy (disease response) of pomalidomide in MF patients based on the consensus criteria of the International Working Group for Myelofibrosis Research and Treatment (IWG-MRT)
- To evaluate the safety profile of pomalidomide in MF patients
- To assess predictive response parameters using cytogenetic and molecular genetic analyses including microarray-based techniques
- To assess overall clinical outcome

Einschlusskriterien

- Age > 50 years at the time of voluntarily signing an IRB/IEC-approved informed consent
- Diagnosis of Myeloproliferative Neoplasms (MPN) either de novo myelofibrosis according to WHO criteria (PMF) [20], secondary myelofibrosis (post-PV MF and post -ET MF according to the IWG-MRT consensus terminology) [21] or unclassifiable MPN with biopsy proven myelofibrosis
- Anemia with haemoglobin level of < 10 g/dl or transfusion-dependent anemia and/or thrombocytopenia <50 /nl or transfusion-dependent thrombocytopenia and/or neutropenia < 1.0 /nl
- Splenomegaly (> 11 cm diameter) and/or leukoerythroblastosis
- Adequate organ function, i.e. ALT and/or AST < 3x upper limit of normal (ULN), total bilirubin < 3x ULN and serum creatinine <2 mg/dl
- Subject must be willing to receive transfusion of blood products
- ECOG performance status <3
- Female subjects with non-childbearing potential°, must have one medically supervised negative serum or urine pregnancy tests prior to starting study drug
- Male subjects must agree to use condoms throughout study drug therapy, during any dose interruption and for four weeks after cessation of study therapy if their partner is of childbearing potential and has no contraception – even if they have undergone a successful vasectomy.
- must agree not to donate semen during study drug therapy and for 90 days following discontinuation of pomalidomide.
- Alls subjects (males and females) will be counselled about potential teratogenic risks of the study medication. . must agree to abstain from donating blood while taking study drug therapy and for at least 28 days following discontinuation of pomalidomide.- must agree not to share study medication with another person and to return all unused study drug to the investigator – only enough pomalidomide for one cycle of therapy may be dispensed with each cycle of therapy.

Ausschlusskriterien

- 1. Females of childbearing potentials°, pregnant or breast feeding females
- 2. BCR/ABL positivity
- 3. Diagnosis of ET (according to WHO 2008 criteria)
- 4. Diagnosis of PV (according to WHO 2008 criteria)
- 5. > 20% blasts in peripheral blood or bone marrow
- 6. Known positive status for HIV, HBV or HCV

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- 7. Prior treatment with IMiDs (thalidomide, lenalidomide) or with Interferon-alpha within a 3 month time period before screening
- 8. History of thrombosis or pulmonary embolism
- 9. Peripheral neuropathy > grade 1 CTC
- 10. No consent for registration, storage and processing of the individual diseasecharacteristics and course as well as information of the family physician about study participation.
- 11. Presence of any medical/psychiatric condition or laboratory abnormalities which
 may limit full compliance with the study, increase the risk associated with study
 participation or study drug administration, or may interfere with the interpretation of
 study results and, in the judgement of the Investigator, would make the patient
 inappropriate for entry into this study
- 12. Drug or alcohol abuse within the last 6 months
- 13. Criteria for women of non-childbearing potential: A female patient or a female partner of a male patient is considered to have childbearing potential unless she meets at least one of the following criteria:
- Age > 50 years and naturally amenrrhoeic for at least 24 consecutive months (amenorrhoea following cancer therapy does not rule out childbearing potential)
- Premature ovarian failure confirmed by a specialist gynaecologist
- Previous bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy, or hysterectomy
- - XY genotype, Turner syndrome, uterine agenesis

Alter 50 Jahre und älter Förderer Celgene GmbH

Registrierung in anderen Studienregistern

EudraCT 2009-010738-23

Therapie Monotherapie mit Pomalidomide