## KURZPROTOKOLL Detect-III

Öffentlicher Titel

**Studienart** 

Phase III Studie bei initial HER2-neg Brustkrebs und HER2-pos zirkulierenden

Tumorzellen

Detect-III

Wissenschaftl. Titel

A multicenter, randomized, phase III study to compare standard therapy alone versus standard therapy plus Lapatinib in patients with initially HER2-negative metastatic breast

cancer and HER2-positive circulating tumor cells

Kurztitel

multizentrisch, randomisiert, offen/unverblindet, zweiarmig

Studienphase Phase III

**Erkrankung** Geschlechtsorgane: Brustkrebs: Zweitlinie oder höher

Ziele - The primary objective of the tria

 The primary objective of the trial is to prove the clinical efficacy of lapatinib (as assessed by the CTC clearance rate) in patients with metastasizing breast cancer who exhibit HER2-positive circulating tumor cells (CTC) although the primary tumor tissue and/or biopsies from metastatic sites were investigated for HER2 status and showed HER2-negativity.

**Einschlusskriterien** - Written informed consent in study participation.

- Metastatic breast cancer which cannot be treated by surgery or radiotherapy only.
   The primary tumor and/or biopsies from metastatic sites or locoregional recurrences must have been con-firmed as cancer by histopathology. Estrogen Receptor (ER) and Progesterone Receptor (PgR) status must have been documented.
- All primary tumor tissue and/or biopsies from metastatic sites or locoregional recurrences that were investigated for HER2 status showed HER2-negativity (i.e.: immunohistochemistry (IHC) score 0-1+ or 2+ and fluorescent in situ hybridization (FISH) negative or just FISH neg-ative, whichever was performed). In patients for which standard HER2-testing was not available at time of primary diagnosis and for which a biopsy of metastatic sites or locoregional recurrences were not performed are regarded as having a HER-2 negative tumor.
- Evidence of HER2-positive CTCs. Evidence is assumed if the following holds: At least one CTC could be extracted from 7.5 ml patient blood by means of the Cell-Search® Circulating Tumor Cell Kit (Veridex LLC, Raritan, USA) and At least one of all extracted CTCs was found to be HER2-positive. HER2 status must be assessed by means of IHC or FISH.
- Indication for a standard chemo- or endocrine therapy whose combination with lapatinib is either approved (see SPC of Tyverb® 250 mg tablets) or has been investigated in prior clinical trials (see tables of section 8.2.1.).
- Tumor evaluation has been performed within 6 weeks before randomization and results are available.
- Patients must have at least one lesion that can be evaluated according to RECIST guideline version 1.1. Patients with measurable and/or non-measurable disease are eligible. [Eisenhauer 2009].
- Age 18 years.
- ECOG Score < 2.</li>
- Adequate organ function within 7 days before randomization, evidenced by the following labo-ratory results below: absolute neutrophil count 1500/μL; platelet count 100000/μL; hemoglobin 9g/dL; ALT (SGPT) 3.0 × ULN; AST (SGOT) 3.0 × ULN; Bilirubin 2 × ULN and 35% direct; creatinine 2.0 mg/dl or 177μmol/L
- Left ventricular cardiac ejection fraction (LVEF) 50%, within normal institutional limits as measured by echocardiogram.

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In case of patients of child bearing potential:Negative pregnancy test (minimum sensitivity 25 IU/L or equivalent units of HCG) within 7 days prior to randomization, Contraception by means of a reliable method (i.e. non-hormonal contraception, IUD, a double barrier method, vasectomy of the sexual partner, complete sexual abstinence). Pa-tient must consent in maintaining such contraception until 28 days after completion of study treatment.

## Ausschlusskriterien

- History of hypersensitivity reactions attributed to compounds of similar chemical or biological composition to lapatinib.
- History of > 3 chemotherapy lines for metastatic disease (a chemotherapy line being defined as any new chemotherapy and any modification of an existing chemotherapy regimen regardless of the reason for change).
- Treatment with investigational agents of any type or anticancer therapy during the trial or with-in 2 weeks prior to randomization and 6 weeks in case of nitrosoureas or mitomycin C.
- Adverse events due to prior anticancer therapy which are > Grade 1 (NCI CTCAE) and therapeutically relevant at time of randomization.
- Anti-retroviral therapy due to HIV infection.
- Current active hepatic or biliary disease (with exception of patients with Gilbert's syndrome, asymptomatic gallstones, liver metastases or stable chronic liver disease per investigator as-sessment)
- Concurrent disease or condition that might interfere with adequate assessment or evaluation of study data, or any medical disorder that would make the patient's participation unreasonably hazardous.
- Other malignant diseases within the last 3 years apart from CIN of the uterine cervix and skin basalioma.
- Disease or condition which might restrain the ability to take or resorb oral medication. This includes malabsorption syndrome, requirement for intravenous (IV) alimentation, prior surgi-cal procedures affecting absorption (for example resection of small bowel or stomach), uncon-trolled inflammatory GI disease (e.g., Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis) and any other dis-eases significantly affecting gastrointestinal function as well as inability to swallow and retain oral medication for any other reason.
- Active cardiac disease, defined as:History of uncontrolled; history of arrhythmias
  requiring medications, or clinically significant, with the exception of asymptomatic
  atrial fibrillation requiring anticoagulation; myocardial infarction less than 6 months
  from study entry; uncontrolled or symptomatic congestive heart failure; ejection
  fraction below the institutional normal limit; any other cardiac condition, which in the
  opinion of the treating physician would make this protocol unreasonably hazardous
  for the patient.
- Dementia, altered mental status, or any psychiatric or social condition which would prohibit the understanding or rendering of informed consent or which might interfere with the patient's adherence to the protocol.
- Life expectancy < 3 months.</li>
- Male patients.
- Pregnancy or nursing.
- Primary tumor or biopsies from metastatic sites or locoregional recurrences showing HER2-positivity.
- Any prior treatment with anti-HER2 directed therapy

Alter

18 Jahre und älter

**Molekularer Marker** 

HER2/neu neg.

HER2/neu pos.

**Fallzahl** 

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Sponsor Universität Ulm Förderer Novartis Pharma

Registrierung in anderen Studienregistern

EudraCT 2010-024238-46